Cyclic Implicit Complexity

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joint work with Anupam Das (University of Birmingham)

What is this presentation about?

- ► Goal:
 - circular proof systems characterising FPTIME and FELEMENTARY...
 - ...in the style of implicit computational complexity (ICC)

- Some motivations:
 - new topic, not much about complexity-theoretic aspects of circular reasoning;
 - circular proofs subsume several recursion schemes;
 - hard to tame complexity: introduce cyclic proof-theoretic conditions that identify computational and complexity-theoretic notions (uniformity, totality, stratification, ...)

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ICC and safe recursion

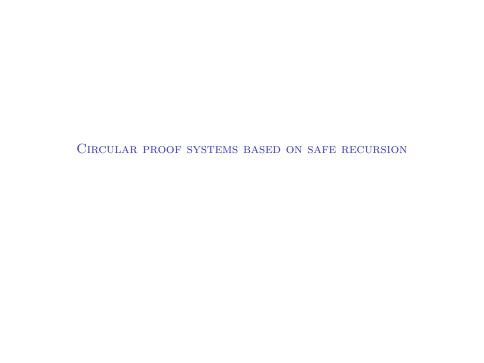
- ► Function algebra B characterising **FPTIME** [Bellantoni and Cook 92].
- ► Function arguments partitioned into normal and safe:

$$f(x_1,\ldots,x_n; y_1,\ldots,y_m)$$

► Safe recursion on notation:

$$f(0, \vec{x}; \vec{y}) = g(\vec{x}; \vec{y}) f(s_0 x, \vec{x}; \vec{y}) = h_0(x, \vec{x}; \vec{y}, f(x, \vec{x}; \vec{y})) f(s_1 x, \vec{x}; \vec{y}) = h_1(x, \vec{x}; \vec{y}, f(x, \vec{x}; \vec{y}))$$

Idea. Recursive calls **only** in the safe zone:



Proof theoretic formulation of B

- ▶ Formulas $A, B, C \in \{N, \square N\}$ and contexts $\Gamma, \Delta = A_1, \dots, A_n$
- ▶ **Sequents** $\square \vec{N}, \vec{N} \Rightarrow N$ represent functions $f(\vec{x}; \vec{y})$
- ▶ Inference rules for initial functions and closure operations of B:

$$\operatorname{id} \frac{\Gamma \Rightarrow N \quad \Gamma, N \Rightarrow B}{N \Rightarrow N} \quad \operatorname{cut}_{N} \frac{\Gamma \Rightarrow N \quad \Gamma, N \Rightarrow B}{\Gamma \Rightarrow B} \quad \operatorname{cut}_{\square} \frac{\Gamma \Rightarrow \square N \quad \square N, \Gamma \Rightarrow B}{\Gamma \Rightarrow B}$$

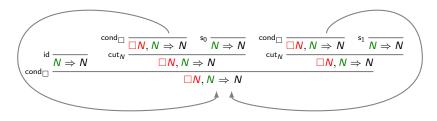
$$\square_{I} \frac{\Gamma, N \Rightarrow A}{\square N, \Gamma \Rightarrow A} \quad \square_{I} \frac{\square N, \dots, \square N \Rightarrow N}{\square N, \Gamma \Rightarrow A} \quad 0 \xrightarrow{\Rightarrow N} \quad s_{0} \xrightarrow{N \Rightarrow N} \quad s_{1} \xrightarrow{N \Rightarrow N}$$

$$\operatorname{cond}_{N} \frac{\Gamma \Rightarrow N \quad \Gamma, N \Rightarrow N \quad \Gamma, N \Rightarrow N}{\Gamma, N \Rightarrow N} \quad \operatorname{cond}_{\square} \frac{\Gamma \Rightarrow N \quad \square N, \Gamma \Rightarrow N}{\square N, \Gamma \Rightarrow N}$$

$$\operatorname{srec} \frac{\Gamma \Rightarrow N \quad \square N, \Gamma, N \Rightarrow N \quad \square N, \Gamma, N \Rightarrow N}{\square N, \Gamma \Rightarrow N}$$

Circular proofs

- Circular proofs = non-wellfounded proofs with finitely many distinct subproofs
- Circular proofs admit a finite, "cyclic" presentation



$$f_{\mathcal{D}}(0; y) = y$$

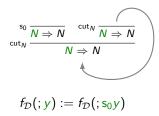
$$f_{\mathcal{D}}(s_0 x; y) = s_0(f_{\mathcal{D}}(x; y))$$

$$f_{\mathcal{D}}(s_1 x; y) = s_1(f_{\mathcal{D}}(x; y))$$

circularity \rightsquigarrow computability

Progressiveness and safety

▶ Progressiveness condition = global criterion for **termination**

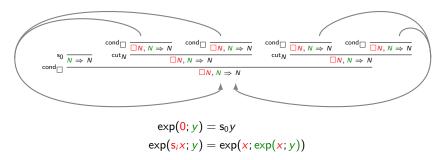


▶ Safety condition = global criterion enforcing stratification of data ($\square N$ vs N)

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progressiveness \leadsto extract recursion from cycles progressiveness + safety \leadsto extract safe recursion from cycles
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Nesting

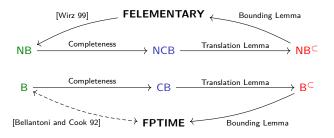
- $lackbox{Circular proof system NCB} = \text{circular proofs that are both progressing and safe}$
- ▶ NCB defines safe nested recursion (hence exponential functions):



► Circular proof system CB = global "linearity" criterion on NCB

CB \rightsquigarrow no duplication of recursive calls (hence, no nesting!)

Outline of the fundamental results



safe recursion	on notation	on ⊂
unnested	В	B⊂
nested	NB	NB⊂

Thank you! Questions?



Semantics of non-wellfounded proofs for B

$$f_{\mathcal{D}}(;) := 0$$

$$f_{\mathcal{D}}(;) := s_{i}x$$

$$f_{\mathcal{D}}(;x) := s_{i}x$$

$$f_{\mathcal{D}}(;x) := f_{\mathcal{D}_{1}}(\vec{x};\vec{y},f_{\mathcal{D}_{0}}(\vec{x};\vec{y}))$$

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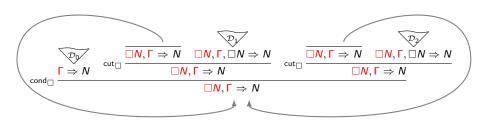
$$f_{\mathcal{D}}(s_{0}x,\vec{x};\vec{y}) := f_{\mathcal{D}_{1}}(x,\vec{x};\vec{y})$$

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$$f_{\mathcal{D}}(s_{1}x,\vec{x};\vec{y}) := f_{\mathcal{D}_{2}}(x,\vec{x};\vec{y})$$

Safety condition

Example. Modalities are not enough to enforce stratification in our setting. E.g. circular progressing proof \mathcal{D} for primitive recursion (on notation):



$$f_{\mathcal{D}}(0, \vec{x};) = f_{\mathcal{D}_0}(\vec{x};)$$

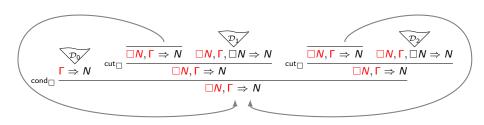
 $f_{\mathcal{D}}(s_i x, \vec{x};) = f_{\mathcal{D}_1}(x, \vec{x}, f(x, \vec{x});)$

- Safe proof = any infinite branch crosses finitely many cut

 rules.
- Circular proof system NCB = circular progressing safe proofs.
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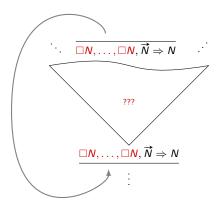


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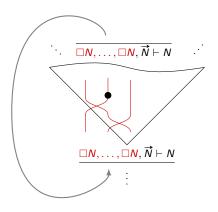
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Safety = simpler \square -thread structure



$$\begin{array}{c|c} \Gamma \Rightarrow B \\ ^{\text{W}} \boxdot & \square_{I} & \Gamma, N \Rightarrow A \\ \hline \square_{I} & \square_{N, \Gamma \Rightarrow A} & \text{cut} \boxdot & \Gamma \Rightarrow D \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c|c} \Gamma \Rightarrow D & \square_{N, \Gamma \Rightarrow B} \\ \hline \Gamma \Rightarrow B \\ \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c|c} \Gamma \Rightarrow N & \square_{N, \Gamma \Rightarrow N} & \square_{N, \Gamma \Rightarrow N} \\ \hline \square_{N, \Gamma \Rightarrow N} & \square_{N, \Gamma \Rightarrow N} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

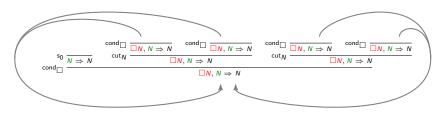
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Nesting condition

- ▶ Problem. NCB can express nested safe recursion.
- **Example.** A circular progressing safe proof for the **exponential** function $exp(x)(y) = 2^{2^{|x|}} \cdot y$:



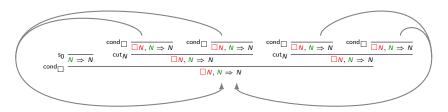
$$\exp(\mathbf{0}; y) = s_0 y$$

$$\exp(\mathbf{s}_i \mathbf{x}; y) = \exp(\mathbf{x}; \exp(\mathbf{x}; y))$$

- ▶ Left-leaning proof = any branch goes right at a cut $_N$ rule only finitely often.
- Circular proof system CB = circular progressing safe left-leaning proofs.

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- ▶ Left-leaning proof = any branch goes right at a cut_N rule only finitely often.
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Hofmann's type system SLR [Hofmann 97]

▶ Two function spaces: $\square A \rightarrow B$ (modal) and $A \multimap B$ (linear).

▶ Safe linear recursion operator (with $A \Box$ -free):

$$\operatorname{rec}_{A}: \square N \to \underbrace{(\square N \to A \multimap A)}_{h} \to A \to A$$

where $f(x) = rec_A(x, h, g)$ means:

$$f(0) = g$$

$$f(s_0x) = h(x, f(x))$$

$$f(s_1x) = h(x, f(x))$$

▶ terms $t: (\square N)^n \to N^m \multimap N$ represent exactly the functions in **FPTIME**.

Nesting and higher-order recursion

Nested recursion in SLR if higher-order types are not handled linearly:

$$\begin{array}{lll} A & = & N \to N \\ g & = & s_0 & : A \\ h & = & \lambda x : \Box N. \lambda u : N \to N. \lambda y : N. u(uy) & : \Box N \to A \to A \to A \end{array}$$

$$\exp(x; y) = \operatorname{rec}_A(x, h, g)(y)$$

- ► Takeaway. Type n circular proofs can represent type n+1 recursion [Das 21].
- ► Left-leaning is a linearity condition: it prevents duplication of recursive calls and hence their nesting.

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Nested safe recursion

► Function algebra NB, which generalises B to **nested safe recursion**. E.g.

$$\exp(\mathbf{0}; y) = s_0 y$$

$$\exp(\mathbf{s}_i \mathbf{x}; y) = \exp(\mathbf{x}; \exp(\mathbf{x}; y))$$

Defining nested safe recursion requires introduction of oracles:

$$f(\vec{a})(\vec{x}; \vec{y}) \in NB(\vec{a})$$

with $\vec{a} = a_1, \ldots, a_n$ oracles.

Nested safe recursion: from $g(\vec{x}; \vec{y}) \in NB(\emptyset)$ and $h(a)(x, \vec{x}; \vec{y}) \in NB(a, \vec{a})$, define $f(x, \vec{x}; \vec{y}) \in NB(\vec{a})$ by:

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Permutation of prefixes

- ▶ Prefix order: $x \subseteq y$ (resp. $x \subset y$) iff the binary notation of x is a prefix (resp. strict prefix) of y
- ▶ **Example**. $s_0(s_1(x)) \subset s_0(s_1(s_0(s_1x)))$
- Permutation of prefixes: if $\vec{x} = (x_1, \dots, x_n)$ and $\vec{y} = (x_1, \dots, y_n)$: $\vec{x} \subseteq \vec{y}$ if, for some permutation π , each x_i is prefix of $y_{\pi(i)}$ $\vec{x} \subset \vec{y}$ iff $\vec{x} \subseteq \vec{y}$ and some x_i is a proper prefix of $y_{\pi(i)}$.

■ Guarded abstraction:

$$(\lambda \vec{v} \subset \vec{x}.f(\vec{v};\vec{y}))(\vec{u}) := \begin{cases} f(\vec{u};\vec{y}) & \vec{u} \subset \vec{x} \\ 0 & \text{otherwis} \end{cases}$$

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Recursion on permutation of prefixes

Generalise nested safe recursion to permutation of prefixes:

$$f(\vec{a})(\vec{x}; \vec{y}) \in \mathsf{NB}^{\subset}(\vec{a})$$

with $\vec{a} = a_1, \dots, a_n$ oracles

Nested safe recursion on permutation of prefixes: from $h(a)(\vec{x}; \vec{y}) \in NB^{\subset}(a, \vec{a})$ define $f(\vec{x}; \vec{y}) \in NB^{\subset}(\vec{a})$ by:

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Further results and future work

- ► Further results: relaxing circularity in CB (= FPTIME) \sim FP/poly.
- Future work:
 - Higher-order version of circular proof systems based on Hofmann's SLR?
 - Circular proof systems to characterise other complexity classes, like FPSPACE, ALOGTIME, NC? Hint: "parallel cut".

$$\frac{\Gamma \Rightarrow N \quad \cdots \quad \Gamma \Rightarrow \textcolor{red}{N} \quad \Gamma, N, \ldots, \textcolor{red}{N} \Rightarrow N}{\Gamma \Rightarrow N}$$